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Purpose

The purpose of this policy and procedure is to outline the approach taken by Darwin Institute of Technology's (DIT) to deliver high quality training and assessment to its students.

This policy aligns closely to Standard 1 from the Standards for RTOs and ensures the strategies and practices used in relation to training and assessment are responsive to industry and student needs and meet the requirements of the qualifications and courses provided.

This policy also addresses Standards 6, and 8 from the National Code 2018.



Definitions

AQF means Australian Qualifications Framework which can be accessed at http://www.aqf.edu.au/

ASQA means Australian Skills Quality Authority which is the national VET regulator and DIT's registering body

Course means any nationally recognised qualification, unit of competency, skill set or short course delivered by DIT.

Dimensions of Competency refers to the types of skills a person must have to perform effectively in a broad capacity. The dimensions of competency ensure the person being assessed has the skills to perform competently in variety of different circumstances. To be competent, a person must demonstrate the following:

Task Skills	The skills needed to perform a task at an acceptable level. They include knowledge and practical skills and these are usually described in the performance criteria.
Task Management Skills	These are skills in organising and coordinating, which are needed to be able to work competently while managing a number of tasks or activities within a job.
Contingency Skills	The skills needed to respond and react appropriately to unexpected problems, changes in routine and breakdowns while also performing competently.
Job Role/Environm ent Skills	The skills needed to perform as expected in a particular job, position, location and with others. These skills may be described in the range of variables and underpinning skills and knowledge.
Transfer Skills	The ability to transfer skills and knowledge to new situations and contexts.

National Code means National Code of Practice for Providers of Education and Training to Overseas Students 2018

Principles of Assessment means assessment decisions are based on the principles of fairness, flexibility, validity and reliability, which definitions of each of these as outlined below¹:

Fairness	The individual learner's needs are considered in the assessment process.	
i alliicoo	The individual learner 3 needs are considered in the assessment process	•

Where appropriate, reasonable adjustments are applied by DIT to take into account the individual learner's needs.

DIT informs the learner about the assessment process, and provides the learner with the opportunity to challenge the result of the assessment and be reassessed if necessary.

Flexibility Assessment is flexible to the individual learner by:

- reflecting the learner's needs;
- assessing competencies held by the learner no matter how or where they have been acquired; and

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¹ Definitions quoted from Australian Skills Quality Authority. *User's Guide to the Standards for RTOs 2015. Accessed on December 8, 2019, from*



drawing from a range of assessment methods and using those that are appropriate
to the context, the unit of competency and associated assessment requirements,
and the individual.

Validity

Any assessment decision of DIT is justified, based on the evidence of performance of the individual learner. Validity requires:

- assessment against the unit(s) of competency and the associated assessment requirements covers the broad range of skills and knowledge that are essential to competent performance;
- assessment of knowledge and skills is integrated with their practical application;
- assessment to be based on evidence that demonstrates that a learner could demonstrate these skills and knowledge in other similar situations; and
- judgement of competence is based on evidence of learner performance that is aligned to the unit/s of competency and associated assessment requirements.

Reliability

Evidence presented for assessment is consistently interpreted and assessment results are comparable irrespective of the assessor conducting the assessment.

Reasonable adjustment means a modification made to the learning environment, training or assessment methods used to enable students with a disability to access and participate in training on the same basis as those without a disability. The adjustment must be 'reasonable' in that it must not impose unjustifiable hardship on the person or DIT.

Recognition of Prior Learning or RPL means an assessment process that assesses the competency(s) of an individual that may have been acquired through formal, non-formal and informal learning to determine the extent to which that individual meets the requirements specified in the training package of VET accredited courses. For definitions of formal, non-formal and informal learning, refer to the definitions in ASQA's User's Guide for the Standards for Registered Training Organisations 2015².

RTO means Registered Training Organisation

Rules of Evidence means that the evidence on which an assessment decision is based is valid, sufficient, authentic and current, with definitions for each as outlined below: ³

Validity The assessor is assured that the learner has the skills, knowledge and attributes as

described in the module or unit of competency and associated assessment

requirements.

Sufficiency The assessor is assured that the quality, quantity and relevance of the assessment

evidence enables a judgment to be made of a learner's competency

Authenticity The assessor is assured that the evidence presented for assessment is the learner's

own work.

Currency The assessor is assured that the assessment evidence demonstrates current

competency. This requires the assessment evidence to be from the present or the very

recent past.

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² Definitions quoted from Australian Skills Quality Authority (ASQA). *User's Guide to the Standards for RTOs 2015. Accessed on December 8, 2019, from*

³ Definitions quoted from ASQA as above.



SRTOs means the Standards for RTOs 2015 – refer to definition of 'Standards'.

Standards means the Standards for Registered Training Organisations (RTOs) 2015 from the VET Quality Framework

Policy

1. Delivery of quality training

- DIT provides quality training to its students for all Courses. This means:
 - Providing an appropriate amount of training for each Course to ensure effective outcomes for students in line with industry expectations, Training Package or VET Accredited Course requirements, and AQF requirements.
 - Providing suitable educational and support services sufficient to meet the numbers of students enrolled with DIT.
 - Providing training resources that are accessible to students regardless of their location or mode of delivery.
 - Ensuring there are sufficient numbers of skilled trainers and assessors who are appropriately
 qualified and experienced in line with the Standards (Clause 1.13-1.25) and DIT's Skilled Trainers
 and Assessors Policy and Procedures, who are able to deliver the Courses on DIT's scope to the
 number of students enrolled with DIT.
 - Identifying the support that each individual student needs prior to their commencement or enrolment with DIT (whichever is first) and providing access to the educational and support services necessary to meet these needs and Course outcomes.

2. Training and Assessment Strategies and industry consultation

- In line with DIT's Course Development and Review Policy and Procedure:
 - DIT engages effectively with industry on each of the Courses it develops and/or delivers and uses industry feedback and input to contribute to the way in which a Course is delivered and structured.
 - A comprehensive Training and Assessment Strategy is developed and implemented for each
 Course on DIT's Scope of Registration. Training and Assessment Strategies are developed in
 consultation with industry and meet the requirements of the training package or VET Accredited
 Course.
 - Training and Assessment Strategies are reviewed annually to ensure they remain current and reflect the current needs of industry.
 - Training and Assessment Strategies are designed to be detailed so as to ensure that they can be used as the road-map to the delivery of each course, in conjunction with DIT's policies and procedures.
 - Trainers and assessors are provided with the *Training and Assessment Strategy* for each Course they train and/or assess to ensure consistency and compliance with the requirements

3. Suitable and sufficient resources

 DIT ensures it has access to suitable resources, facilities and equipment to deliver all Courses on its Scope of Registration. This includes access to a sufficient number of qualified trainers and assessors, relevant training rooms, learning aids, machinery, tools, workplaces or simulated workplace

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environments that appropriately reflect a workplace that a student is likely to work in once qualified. For further information refer to the *Course Development and Review Policy and Procedures*.

4. Assessment principles

- DIT has an assessment system that ensures assessment:
 - Is conducted in accordance with the Rules of Evidence and the Principles of Assessment.
 - Is conducted in line with the requirements of the relevant Training Package or VET Accredited Course.
 - Requires the student to demonstrate all of the skills and knowledge outlined in the components of the relevant unit of competency or module.
 - Requires the student to demonstrate the ability to perform tasks in a variety of situations, adapt to different contexts and environments and perform tasks to an appropriate level expected by a workplace.
 - Considers' the students' dimensions of competency when making all assessment decisions.
- To ensure no students are disadvantaged, where required assessors will make Reasonable
 Adjustments to assessment tasks or processes to accommodate individual needs and record these
 adjustments.
- DIT has a plan for, and implements, systematic validation of assessment practices and judgments. Refer to the Assessment Validation Policy & Procedure for further information.

5. Assessment documentation

- Assessment documentation has been developed for all units of competency or modules in each Course. These documents include:
 - Detailed instructions to the student about the tasks they must complete
 - Marking Guide for the assessor
 - Recording tools for the assessor
 - Mapping documents showing how the assessment tasks relate to the requirements of the unit of competency or module.
- In some cases, DIT has grouped units of competency or modules together to form a cluster/subject. In this case, assessment requirements may relate to a group of units rather than one unit.

6. Submission, feedback and re-assessment

- Students must submit each task with a completed and signed Assessment Task Cover Sheet within timelines specified in the assessment instructions.
- Written and theoretical tasks will be assessed within 1 week of submission. Each task will be marked
 as Satisfactory or Not Satisfactory. A unit or module will be marked as Competent once all tasks for
 the unit or module have been marked as Satisfactory. If units are clustered, failing in the relevant
 assessment will be treated as NYC in all units inside that cluster.
- Students have up to three attempts per assessment task. Where a task is marked as Not Satisfactory, the student will be provided with feedback and be given the opportunity to resubmit/re-attempt the task.
- Where a student exhausts their attempts at re-assessment, Reassessment Policy will be activated.



 Students will receive detailed feedback for each task either in written or verbal form from their assessor.

7. Assessment appeals

• Students have the right to make an appeal against an assessment decision by following the Complaints and Appeals Policy and Procedure.

8. Recognition of Prior Learning (RPL)

- Recognition of Prior Learning is available for all Courses and all students are offered the opportunity to participate in RPL upon enrolment.
- A streamlined RPL process has been developed which requires the student to make a selfassessment of their skills, participate in an interview with an assessor, provide documentary evidence and demonstrate practical skills where relevant.

9. Student plagiarism, cheating and collusion

 Students are expected to complete all assessments ethically: without plagiarism, collusion or cheating. Any students suspected of unethical behaviour will be managed through the disciplinary procedures which may require the student to attend disciplinary meetings, submit their assessment again. For repeated violations of this policy, the student may be asked to withdraw from the course.

10. Arrangements with third parties to deliver training and assessment

• Any third party delivering training and assessment services on behalf of DIT are required to deliver them in line with DIT's policies and procedures. Refer to the *Third Party Agreements Policy and Procedures* for further detail. DIT does not have any third party currently to delivery any training or assessment services. Where the third party is an education agent, the *Education Agents Policy* should be followed.

11. Record keeping

DIT will comply with the requirements of ASQA's General Direction: Retention requirements for completed assessment requirements available at https://www.asqa.gov.au/sites/g/files/net2166/f/GENERAL_DIRECTION_Retention_requirements_for_completed_student_assessment_items.pdf. This means that assessments and all corresponding evidence will be kept on file for 6 months after the assessment decision has been made.

12. Feedback and improvements

 DIT collects feedback about its training and assessment practices and systems from students, trainers/assessors and employers (if any). Feedback will be collected regularly, collated and analysed in order to bring about effective improvements. Refer to the Quality Assurance Policy & Procedures for further details.

Procedures

1. Class preparation and delivery

Refer:

SRTOs: Clause 1.3 and 1.7National Code: Standard 8



Pro	ocedure	Responsibility
A.	Session plans and supporting materials	Trainer/Assessor
•	Sessions are to be delivered using the session plan for the topic/ unit / module.	
•	Session plans are a summary of the content and activities to be covered in each session and refer the trainer to relevant parts of learning and assessment materials to be covered. Class activities do not require documentation.	
•	They will often be supported by other resources such as PowerPoints, and internet links.	
•	Session plans ensure that what should be covered in a session is covered. Trainers are able to adjust session content to suit the needs of the group where required.	
•	Trainers should provide feedback for improvement to session content and materials.	
В.	Session delivery	Trainer/Assessor
•	All sessions are to be delivered according to the session plans.	
•	The trainer may set up the class-room to suit the requirements of the session.	
•	All students should sign the Attendance Sheet.	
•	The trainer should ensure all details on the roll are correct and all students have signed, and then sign it himself.	
•	Students may require individual support during, before and after classes. This should be documented accordingly	
•	The completed attendance roll should be provided to the head office for data entry within two weeks.	
C.	Simulated workplace environments	Trainer/Assessor
•	Simulated workplace environments to be used in class should be set up to accurately reflect a real working environment as closely as possible.	
•	Simulated environments should be used during training so that students have the opportunity to practice skills using appropriate facilities and equipment that might normally be used in a workplace.	
•	Assessments may occur in a simulated environment where outlined in the assessment materials and where allowed and suitable by the Training Package or VET Accredited Course.	

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2. Workplace visits

Refer SRTOs: Clause 1.3 and 1.7 of Standard 1.

National Code: Standard 11

Pro	ocedure	Responsibility
A.	Conduct workplace visits	Trainer/Assessor
•	Trainers/assessors will visit workplaces regularly for students participating in workplace based programs, or programs that include a workplace based component.	
•	Visits may include training, support and/or assessment.	
•	The trainer/ assessor will liaise with the student and the nominated supervisor about their visit prior to attending but it is the student's responsibility to ensure relevant people in the workplace know the trainer/assessor is due.	
•	Discussions held with the student during the visit will be documented on the Work Placement Monitoring Form V1.0	
•	Visits may include a component of workplace observations requiring the completion of set tasks and/or observation of routine work duties – this will be outlined in the relevant task instructions for the unit/module/cluster.	
•	The trainer/assessor will ensure, prior to attending the visit that appropriate arrangements are in place for observing the relevant tasks to be demonstrated.	
•	The workplace supervisor may also be required to provide completed <i>Third Party /Supervisor Reports</i> to verify the student's workplace skills. The trainer/assessor will liaise with the relevant person to ensure they have been completed and can be collected on the day.	
•	Assessment outcomes will be recorded in accordance with the <i>Conducting Assessment</i> section in this procedure.	
В.	Engage with workplaces during visits	Trainer/Assessor
•	Trainers/assessors should ensure that they make contact with relevant personnel during the workplace visit to ensure the workplace is engaged and involved in the student's training program. This may be to:	
	 Provide support and guidance on the workplace's involvement in the Course. 	
	 Answer any questions they have 	
	 Address issues relating to the student's performance relevant to the Course; and/or 	
	 Check on the completion of third party/supervisor reports. Assessor will prepare the "skills section" of this report every time and hand over to third party/supervisor to put in more information.[Third Party Report Template V1.0] 	
	 Gather feedback about DIT, the Course and the workplace's involvement. 	



Procedure		Responsibility
[Host Employer Feedback Survey V1.0]		
C.	Collect feedback during visits	Trainer/Assessor
	Students and workplaces will be asked for feedback during workplace visits. This will be through <i>Student Workplace Visit Survey V1.0</i> – these are to be collected in line with the <i>Quality Assurance Policy and Procedure on</i> Feedback and Surveys.	

3. Student support

Refer:

SRTOs: Clause 1.7 of Standard 1National Code 2018: Standard 6

Pro	ocedure	Responsibility
	Assessing individual needs	Student Support
•	Application or Enrolment Forms are to be reviewed to identify if the student has indicated they require any additional support of any form.	Manager & Director of Studies
•	Individual needs may also be identified verbally during initial enquiry, course entry interviews or other.	
•	Where individual support needs have been identified this to be referred to the Director of Studies (DoS) and Trainer and Assessor	
•	For English Language support, student will be provided referrals in student handbook. Trainer and Assessor will refer these resources to the student first. DIT does not have scope to offer recognized English training. If the student needs further support on English, DIT has a paid subscription with English teaching website https://www.fluentu.com/ . It has step-by-step English exercises with video content. The trainer and assessor will guide the student into this website so that the student learns how English is used into different contexts. If the student requires further help, DIT may send the student in Charles Darwin University for ELICOS course at student's own expense and make necessary changes in the CoE.	
•	The DoS or Trainer will further discuss the needs with the student to identify how DIT can support the student. An individual support plan may be developed to assist the student through the course. Or, the student may be referred to an external service for support before enrolment	
•	A student may not be offered a place for enrolment if DIT is not able to support the student in the course. We will inform it to the student and provide advice on alternative pathways.	
В.	Language, literacy and numeracy assessments	Director of Studies or
•	Students may be required to complete an LLN assessment as part of the enrolment process. This will be conducted during the enrolment process and before a place in the course is offered.	Trainer/Assessor



Pro	ocedure	Responsibility
•	There will be a different LLN assessment for each course.	
•	The trainer/assessor should use the <i>LLN Marking Guide</i> to assess the test. This test may be conducted over online and distance-testing technologies.	
•	The outcome will be used to identify the current level of LLN skills the student has, and the support required for the course. DIT does not have any scope to offer nationally recognized training on LLN. However, an individual support plan may be developed to outline the support required for the student. It may mean providing referral to http://www.bbc.co.uk/skillswise/english . This website has resources for developing skills like reading, writing, spelling, speaking and listening. The trainer and assessor can also use LLN resources available in www.readingwritinghotline.edu.au , where DIT is a registered user. Student may also be referred to external services e.g. TAFE to further develop LLN skills.	
C.	Individual support plans	Director of Studies or
•	For students that have had individual support requirements identified, an Individual Support Plan will be developed which will outline the strategies used to provide the student with additional support over and above what is normally offered in the course.	Trainer/Assessor
•	This may include:	
	 Placing the student in a tutorial class with students having similar problem. 	
	 Additional one-on-one support from the trainer/assessor. 	
	 Assigning of a mentor/coach that is able to provide additional support in the workplace and who works closely with the student and the trainer/assessor. 	
	 Adjustments to the way training resources are accessed or provided. 	
	 Adjustments to the way assessments are to be conducted or extra time for assessments. 	
	 Linking with additional resources 	
	Students who have similar individual requirements may be placed in a group-based support environment.	
D.	Orientation	Director of Studies
•	Provide an orientation on the first day of the course to international students about adjusting to life and study. The orientation will include as a minimum the following information:	Student Support Manager
	 Support services within DIT available including services to assist students to meet course progress and attendance requirements Include details of services that can be provided e.g. one to one support from trainer, study groups, 	
	 Welfare-related support services (no cost and where the student is 	



Pro	oceo	dure	Responsibility
		referred to an external service, there is no cost for the referral), including that these services are provided at no cost Include detail as access to a counsellor contracted by organisation, referral to external services – list services.	
	-	Contact details for DIT's point of contact for support	
	-	Details of legal services that students may access	
	_	Information about and contact details for emergency and health services	
	-	Facilities and resources available on campus	
	-	Complaints and appeals processes; and	
	-	Information on visa conditions relating to course progress and attendance.	
•		emind students that the information provided at orientation is included in the udent Handbook.	
•		nere a student commences their course after the first day of orientation, ovide the student with a one to one orientation.	
E.	On	ngoing support	Director of Studies/
•		ovide ongoing support services to students as required and as per the rvices indicated in the orientation.	Student Support Manager
•	Up	date details of support staff if contact details change.	
•	Mc	onthly Presentation on topics relevant to students and studies	

4. Reasonable adjustments

Refer SRTOs: Clause 1.7 and 1.8

Pro	ocedure	Responsibility
A.	Making Reasonable Adjustments	Trainer/Assessor
•	Reasonable Adjustments may be required to training and/or assessment methods for students with a disability to provide them with the same educational opportunities as everyone else.	
•	Assessors can refer to this guide for further information about how and when to make reasonable adjustments https://www.velgtraining.com/library/files/Reasonable%20Adjustment.pdf	
•	When determining whether an adjustment is reasonable, consider the information in the above mentioned guide and refer to the Disability Standards for Education 2005. https://education.gov.au/disability-standards-education	
•	Where a reasonable adjustment is made to assessment, this should be documented in the Assessment Record Tool.	

5. Practical placements



Refer SRTOs: Clause 1.7 and 1.8 National Code: Standard 11

Pre	ocedure	Responsibility
Α.	Establish placement arrangements	Director of Studies or
•	For courses that require practical placement, students may be required to source their own placement, or DIT will assist to establish a suitable workplace.	Trainer/Assessor
•	For any workplace agreeing to take on a student, they must have full and complete information about the course and the expectations upon them and the student during the placement prior to agreement.	
•	Ensure the workplace is suitable for placement by ensuring the workplace:	
	 Has appropriate facilities, equipment and job requirements to provide the student with appropriate learning opportunities relevant to their course. 	
	 Has the resources to ensure the student can be continually supervised. 	
	 Meets workplace health and safety requirements. 	
•	A <i>Practical Placement Agreement</i> (Practical Placement Agreement V1.0 is to be completed between the student, the workplace and DIT prior to commencement of the program.	
•	The agreement will outline the arrangements of the placement including number of hours and when the placement is to be completed.	
В.	Monitor practical placements	Trainer/Assessor
•	Practical placements usually involve a number of visits to the workplace by the Trainer/Assessor for the purposes of providing on the job support and/or assessment. Practical placement arrangements will be monitored through these visits.	
•	Practical placements may also involve monitoring done using the <i>Work Placement Monitoring Form V1.0</i>	
•	Monitoring of the placement will include ensuring that:	
	 The work placement arrangements are mutually beneficial between all parties. 	
	 The workplace is happy with the achievements, contribution and participation of the student. 	
	The student is showing up for their work placement shifts at the right time.	
	 The details of the work placement are being recorded properly. 	
	 The workplace is fulfilling their requirements by supporting the student and providing appropriate feedback to DIT about the student's skills and achievements. 	
•	The monitoring process will aim to resolve any issues or concerns identified.	



Pro	ocedure	Responsibility
	according to the Complaints and Appeals policy and procedure.	
•	Where it is considered suitable and beneficial for all parties involved, alternative work placement arrangements may be made for a student if required.	
C.	Collect feedback from host workplaces	Trainer/Assessor
•	Workplaces providing practical placements to students will be asked to provide feedback to DIT on a regular basis through Student Workplace Visit Survey V1.0 – these are to be collected in line with the Quality Assurance Policy and Procedure on Feedback and Surveys.	
•	Host employers will provide Third Party Report Template V1.0 for students' performance and feedback about DIT in Host Employer Feedback Survey V1.0	

6. Conducting assessments

Refer SRTOs: Clauses 1.7 and 1.8

Pro	Procedure Responsibility		
A.	Preparing for assessment	Trainer/Assessor	
•	Requirements of assessment for each unit/module/cluster are outlined for the student in the Assessment Instructions and instructions are provided for assessors in the relevant Marking Guide.		
•	Ensure students are advised of the assessment requirements at the start of the unit/ module/ cluster and they show their agreement by signing the Assessment Plan.		
•	Ensure students are advised of relevant due dates for each assessment task if applicable.		
•	Reasonable Adjustments required should be recorded on the plan where relevant.		
В.	Assess written work and provide feedback	Trainer/Assessor	
•	Each written Assessment Task should be submitted by the student with a signed and completed Assessment Task Cover Sheet. Students can use the one cover sheet to submit multiple tasks.		
•	Tasks can be submitted to their trainer/assessor at class/visit etc.		
•	Students should be advised to keep a copy of their written work as it will not be returned to them and they are responsible for providing a new copy if an assessment goes missing in the post.		
•	Submitted assessment tasks should be assessed within 1 week of it being received.		
•	Provide students with detailed written feedback on the Assessment Task		



Pro	Procedure Responsibility		
	Cover Sheet.		
•	Assessors may use additional verbal questioning to fill gaps in written tasks where they deem it necessary to determine competence. This will be recorded in the Assessment Record Tool.		
C.	Assess practical tasks	Trainer/Assessor	
•	Practical tasks may be assessed during classes and/or visits. Instructions for completing tasks will be outlined in the relevant <i>Assessment Task</i>		
•	A record of the observations made during the assessment should be recorded in the <i>Assessment Checklist</i> . During a visit, feedback can be documented on the TA2.3 - Workplace Visit Form V1.2 (ID 2185).		
•	A student should be given a verbal summary of the feedback and asked to sign the <i>Assessment Cover Sheet</i> to confirm they have received their outcome.		
D.	Recording outcomes	Trainer/Assessor	
•	Record the outcome of the assessment task on the Assessment Cover Sheet.		
•	Each task should be given an outcome of either Satisfactory or Not Satisfactory.		
•	A student will receive a Competent outcome once all the tasks for a unit have received a Satisfactory outcome. It will be recorded in Final Results Sheet.		
•	A Not Yet Competent outcome will be recorded against a unit where either:		
	 All tasks have been assessed and some or all have been marked as Not Satisfactory, or 		
	 Only some tasks have been submitted even if they have all been marked as Satisfactory. 		
E.	Re-submission	Trainer/Assessor	
•	Re-Assessment Policy is refereed		



7. Recognition of Prior Learning

Refer

SRTOs: Clause 1.12National Code: Standard 2

Pro	Procedure Responsibility		
A.	Discuss RPL and provide self-assessment		
•	Ensure all students are aware that they may apply for RPL. Upon receiving a student enquiry about RPL discuss prior learning that may relate to the units in the program they are enrolling in considering formal, non-formal and informal learning as described below:	Student Support Manager	
	 formal learning refers to learning that takes place through a structured program of instruction and is linked to the attainment of an AQF qualification or statement of attainment (for example, a certificate, diploma or university degree) 		
	 non-formal learning refers to learning that takes place through a structured program of instruction, but does not lead to the attainment of an AQF qualification or statement of attainment (for example, in house professional development programs conducted by a business), and 		
	 informal learning refers to learning that results through experience of work-related, social, family, hobby or leisure activities (for example the acquisition of interpersonal skills developed through several years as a sales representative).⁴ 		
•	Based on discussions make a recommendation based on the candidates prior learning, however students can make their own decision about whether or not to proceed.		
•	If students still want to proceed provide them with the RPL Self-assessment.		
В.	Candidate completes self-assessment		
•	The candidate completes an initial self-assessment against the units/qualification they are seeking RPL for using the instructions included in the tool. This self-assessment process will help them decide whether RPL is a suitable pathway.	RPL candidate	
•	Ensure RPL candidate has the contact details of a trainer/assessor to consult in relation to their Self-assessment if needed.	Student Support Manager	
•	The RPL candidate should then return the completed self-assessment along with the RPL Application Form (which is included in the Self-assessment), a copy of their CV and any certified copies of relevant qualifications back to DIT.	RPL candidate	

⁴ Definition taken from the <u>User's Guide to the Standards for Registered Training Organisations (2015)</u>: DIT-TAPP-V1.0



C.	Assessor reviews self-assessment	Assessor	
•	Review the self-assessment checklists to determine if the candidate is suitable to proceed with the RPL process and record these discussions in the RPL Assessor Record (under Self-Assessment Review and Discussion). This will include contacting the candidate to discuss the following:		
	 Their work experience and anything of interest in their CV (for example, has the candidate worked in a different number of job roles, have they worked in a number of different workplaces, or the same one, professional development experiences, etc.). 		
	 The items they ticked/did not tick in their self-assessments. 		
	 The items listed in their evidence brainstorm (for example, will these add value to their application, or will you see evidence of their work when they complete the assigned tasks?). 		
	 The third party person – who is it, how long have they known the candidate in a professional capacity, etc. 		
	Decide on the candidates suitability for RPL and:		
	 If eligible indicate those units which the candidate can proceed with RPL for in the RPL Assessor Record (Assessment Outcome Summary) and the RPL Third Party Report. 		
	 If the candidate's work experience, skills and knowledge do not accurately reflect the requirements of the qualification or units therein, the candidate, provide the candidate with information about formal training opportunities for this qualification. The candidate can then make a decision as to whether they would like to enrol in the course. 		
D.	Application fee and enrolment processed	Student Support	
•	If eligible provide the candidate with:	Manager	
	 Written agreement 		
	 Invoice for RPL assessment including adjusted payment plan 		
	 RPL Evidence Tool 		
	 RPL Third Party Report (with units indicated by the Assessor) 		
•	Once the written agreement and application fee is received, process enrolment in accordance with Processing enrolments procedure from the Student Administration Policy & Procedures.		



E.	. Initial support call Assessor	
•	Contact the candidate to discuss:	
	 How to work through the RPL Evidence Tool 	
	 Arrangements for workplace observations (where applicable) including: 	
	 Consulting with the candidate's workplace supervisor to ensure that workplace visits are scheduled appropriately 	
	 Ensuring that the workplace has access to required equipment and resources 	
F.	Gather Evidence of RPL	
•	The candidate completes and submits the RPL Evidence Tool and RPL Third Party Report if relevant (is able to seek support and guidance from Assessor as required).	
•	Gather other evidence as required which may require:	Assessor
	 visiting the candidate's workplace to observe completion of practical tasks (where applicable) 	
	 completing verbal questioning (either over the phone, Skype or other video conference tool, or in person). 	



G.	Conduct assessment of each unit of competency	Assessor	
•	Review the information supplied by the student each unit of competency using the submitted RPL Evidence Tool and ensure the RPL Third Party Report and record outcomes in the RPL Assessor Record.		
•	Where necessary:		
	 Contact the contact the third party person to discuss anything that requires further clarification. 		
	 Contact the candidate's professional referees to discuss the candidate's workplace competency (where required). 		
	 Ensure outcomes are summarised the Assessment Outcome Summary in the RPL Assessor Record. 		
•	Make gap training arrangements if required.		
•	On completion of assessment, the following items must be returned to the candidate's file for archiving:		
	 RPL Assessor Record 		
	 RPL Self-assessment 		
	 RPL Evidence Tool and all evidence submitted 		
	 RPL Third Party Report. 		
•	Issue the candidate with a qualification or statement of attainment where competencies have been achieved.		
Н.	I. Gather feedback Assessor		
•	Feedback is collected from each RPL candidate using the RPL Candidate Feedback Survey to be collected in line with the Feedback Procedures in Quality Assurance Policy & Procedures.		

8. Plagiarism, cheating and collusion

Refer SRTOs: Clause 1.8 National Code: Standard 8

Pro	ocedure	Responsibility
A. •	Dealing with academic misconduct Where a trainer/assessor believes there to be an incident of academic misconduct involving plagiarism, cheating, and/or collusion, they should report this to the Director of Studies along with reasons for allegation. Reasons may include:	Trainer/Assessor & Director of Studies
	Similarity between student responses	
	 Use of un-referenced source materials 	
	 Copying of other students work 	



Pr	ocedure	Responsibility
	Copy of material from the internet or textbooks	
•	The Director of Studies and Trainer/Assessor will then address this with the student by asking them to respond to the allegation and provide an explanation.	
•	The Director of Studies and Trainer/Assessor will then make a decision about the steps to be taken. This may include:	
	 Requiring the student to resubmit the assessment 	
	 Using an alternative form of assessment to determine the student's understanding 	
•	Where a student has repeated serious allegations of academic misconduct they may be given special or altered conditions for their assessment task or in serious cases they may be asked to withdraw from the course.	

9. Breaches of the Student Code of Conduct

Procedure		Responsibility
Α.	Dealing with non-academic/general misconduct	Trainer/Assessor &
•	Where a staff member is either informed of or witnesses a student in breach of the Student Code of Conduct raise the concern with the student directly (if appropriate) or ask the Trainer/Assessor or Director of Studies to raise the concern with the student.	Director of Studies
•	Where a student is unable or unwilling to redress the problem, invite them to attend a disciplinary action meeting with parties of their choice and any other parties involved in the incident.	
•	Ensure written invitation and all records of interactions are stored In the student file.	
•	Where behavior continues, or a student fails to participate in disciplinary actions, notify the CEO.	
•	The CEO may decide the student's enrolment poses an unfair, unsafe or high- risk situation and decide to withdraw the student from their course.	
•	Record details of the actions taken, and decisions made in the students file.	
•	Notify the student/s promptly in writing of all decisions and ensure they are aware of their right to appeal the decision.	



10. Records of assessment

Refer SRTOs: Clause 1.8

Procedure		Responsibility
A .	Keep records of assessment Records of assessment, including all assessment tools, completed tasks and assessment evidence for a unit, will be kept for a period of six (6) months from the time the judgement of competence was made.	Trainer/Assessor & Director of Studies
	 Records will be kept securely in the locked file cabinet. Records of destruction will also be kept for destroyed documents. 	

Document Control

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